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THE JERUSALEM POST

THURSDAY,
MAY 9, 1957

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MARGINAL COLUMN By SHAYA SHAPIRO

A DESPAIRING man addressed an elegant audience at the Z.O.A. House this week. He spoke in French: Diomedes Catroux was once a minister in the French Cabinet. His subject was Europe, and his hope, life. He spoke as if he were reporting on the condition of a woman who had been condemned to death by the doctors. Oh, woman, he seemed to say, find some strength in your body, so that you may gain a respite! Every year is an act of grace! The cancer that threatened Europe was Communism. Russia was the American dollar; but the drug was so strong that it threatened to kill the patient while offering the illusion of relief from his mortal sickness.

THEN a tiny little speck of a country in the Eastern Mediterranean comes glimmering as a symbol. If Israel can build and survive in an absurdly impossible situation, why should Europe be paralyzed by panics of fear? Although he did not say it, the stimulus of Israel was the heart of the parable.

THIS, in itself, provides not the slightest insurance against physical annihilation at the hand of the mortal inheritance of this people. Nothing proves this more conclusively than the history of this country 2,000 years ago. The story of the average European, who realizes that America, which received everything from Europe, may not go to the expense of saving Europe, if the price seems too high. Under entirely new circumstances, the man from the steppes may re-conquer the coastal belt, as did the hordes of Attila once upon a time. By comparison, Israel's position is almost enviable.

THE cancer from which the world suffers most, has always suffered, is the mania of size. Emperors and their historians have presented bigness as a virtue, an asset to mankind. Pax Romana became the ideal for well-meaning statesmen, although history hardly bears witness to its advantages. Indeed, if the aim of the good government is to bring happiness to the greatest proportion of its citizens, the Roman Empire is the most possible example to evoke in favour of a big state. Even at the height of her glory, the Roman state seemed to be a vast, innumerable rebellion, and the depravity of her rulers became proverbial. The advance of Christianity was possible only because the Roman Empire had created so much suffering for its inhabitants.

FOR the Soviet Union to swallow up the Western European promontory might mean a renaissance for her dogmatic civilization at the mouth of the ingestion of some really cultured men just as Western culture itself was saved 500 years ago by the fleeing intellects of the East. This may in itself be a desirable end for Soviet Russia, which the Americans, if they were perspicacious, should try to prevent. The large in size, being what they are, do not always need to have recourse to reason. They have come to be large by being far-seeing, except perhaps for the United States, which built up its military strength largely in order to help Europe. But even the U.S. may one day weary of hearing the extravagant pretensions of the superpower, and the one was the mother of civilization. Although their ancestors saved Rome, the Greeks appear still in the baking pan.

THE difference between the Europe of a Diomedes Catroux and this country is that some Europeans may believe that they can survive by making some sort of a deal; while this country can only rely on its own strength, she will accept, she has done in the past, the helpful hand of Jewish and non-Jewish friends abroad. But Israel's fate cannot be tied to any other nation's plans. This nation has an aim to survive by peaceful development if she can, by fighting both foe and friend, if she must. For people here know perfectly well that, while many may fight against them, nobody will fight for them in the final emergency. Tel Aviv, May 9.

Ike: Soviet Threats Won't Deflect Us

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP). — President Eisenhower told his news conference today that the U.S. and its free world allies must make their security plans without regard to Russian threats against them.

He was commenting on threats which the Kremlin has made to nearly all European members of NATO. Mr. Eisenhower said the U.S. would follow policies designed to preserve free world security and to deter the Russians from making threats. He said that the U.S. would follow policies designed to preserve free world security and to deter the Russians from making threats. He said that the U.S. would follow policies designed to preserve free world security and to deter the Russians from making threats.

At the same time, he expressed interest in the recent Russian proposal at the London disarmament talks for at least a partial opening of U.S. and Russian areas to aerial inspection. Such inspection was proposed by Mr. Eisenhower at the Geneva summit conference.

He said Russia's partial response was evidence that the Russians are doing more honest work for disarmament than sessions in the past. The President doubted that the Russian summit conference with the Russians could be held at the present time. He said the world expects something important to come from such meetings and not for them to be merely social gatherings. Hundreds of newsmen attend and expect some developments. If there are none, the meeting will appear futile and almost useless. At present, he said, no suggestion has come from the Russians that there should be an imminent summit conference.

Mr. Eisenhower stressed that a large part of the proposed new U.S. budget to Israel is designed to "wage peace" and therefore cannot be sharply reduced, as many Congressmen propose, until the world situation has eased greatly.

Russia Expels 5th American Diplomat

MOSCOW, Wednesday (UPI). — The Foreign Ministry yesterday informed the U.S. Embassy here that Mr. Martin Bower, a Second Secretary at the Embassy, was persona non grata.

Mr. Bower's expulsion was possibly a retaliation for the recent expulsion of a Soviet official from Washington.

U.S. GUIDED MISSILES REACH FORMOSA

TAIPEI, Wednesday (UPI). — Advanced units of a U.S. Air Force Matador guided missile squadron have arrived in Formosa, Vice-Admiral Stuart Ingersoll announced today.

He held a news conference that the jet-engined ground-to-ground missiles are capable of carrying atomic warheads but refused to say whether they would be equipped with the nuclear warheads.

Soviet-Indonesia Ties Close — Voroshilov

JAKARTA, Wednesday (UPI). — President Klement Voroshilov of the Soviet Union last night said economic, trade and cultural relations are growing stronger between his nation and Indonesia. This was the second day of his state visit.

His comments were contained in a toast he offered at a dinner attended by 74 Indonesian leaders.

Mr. Voroshilov said the Soviet Union supports the "just and rightful" claim of the people of Indonesia for return to Indonesia of West Irian (Dutch West New Guinea).

Hussein Wants Talks With 'New Friends'

BEIRUT, Wednesday (UPI). — Political sources said last night that King Hussein of Jordan has proposed a conference with the leaders of Iraq, Saudi Arabia and the Lebanon.

Press reports said the conference would take place in the near future. Such a conference would mean a new alignment of Arab states, as Egypt and Syria are excluded from it, the quarters said.

The principal objectives of the conference are said to be to consolidate the support which Saudi Arabia, Iraq and the Lebanon have given Jordan since her internal crisis last month, and to discuss Jordan's budget deficit in the continued absence of payments promised by Syria and Egypt.

Political Suspects Flee from Jordan

The Jordan security authorities maintained their drive against Communists yesterday with the arrest of 15 persons in Zarka, the Jordan press reported.

The Arab News Agency said that Suleiman Nabulsi, former Premier and head of the National Socialist Party, has been placed under strict house arrest after he had been permitted to move about under the supervision of the security forces.

"A-Diffa" reported that several parliamentary deputies, members of Nabulsi's party, have announced their withdrawal from their group and their adherence to King Hussein's policy.

The paper said that a large number of political detainees has been transferred from various prisons throughout the country to the desert detention camp at Jifra, on the Saudi Arabian border.

Claim Israel Crossing

A Government source told ANA that police have detained a number of Jordan Communists fleeing the country have crossed into Israel and that several had actually been caught in the act. This proves, he said, King Hussein's contention that "Arab Communists are the brothers of Israel Communists."

ANA reported from Damascus that the Syrian Government has placed \$25,000 at the disposal of the Premier's Office for financial aid to Arab political refugees who have been granted asylum in Syria.

Meanwhile, schools in the Hebron district will reopen next Saturday, according to Ramallah Radio. But only pupils whose parents will sign special pledges that their children will not engage in political activities, will be allowed to attend classes.

The Director of the U.S. Operations Mission in Jordan, Mr. Harold Lawson, has announced that the Government has requested permission to use \$4m. out of the \$10m. of U.S. economic aid, for inclusion in the 1957-58 budget. This sum will be utilized as a suitable political activity fund.

Z.O.A. TO ASSIST AMERICAN SETTLERS

NEW YORK, Wednesday (UPI). — The Zionist Organization of America is establishing a special loan fund to assist Americans, particularly young professionals, settling in Israel. It was announced here today by Dr. Emanuel Neuman, Z.O.A. President. The Hittabud Olei American will help administer the fund.

SCUA Again Delays Decision on Canal

LONDON, Wednesday. — France and Spain today delayed a final decision by the Suez Canal Users Association on whether to recommend the use of the waterway to member governments. The Council of SCUA will meet again tomorrow.

Informed sources said the 14-nation body reached no conclusion at its third try in two weeks to reach agreement whether or not to accept the Egyptian demands for management of the Canal. (UP, Reuters)

B-G and Hammarskjold to Discuss Egypt's Hostility in Today's Jerusalem Talks

Sen. Humphrey Says Nasser Should Tend His Own Garden

Jerusalem Post Reporter
"Egypt needs the full-time attention of her leaders for tackling her own economic and social problems. Her excursions into international politics are far too expensive for her weak economy," Senator Hubert H. Humphrey told The Jerusalem Post yesterday.

Abul Nasser would do well to stay at home and work for his people," he added.

There were some reforms at the beginning of the revolution in Egypt but they were sacrificed to Nasser's personal ambition, the U.S. Senator stated. He felt that the leaders of the Arab states would have much more influence on Nasser's activities than the U.S. or any Western power.

He did not think that Nasser wanted to be Communist, but he would do well to extricate himself from Soviet designs before the lock was snapped and the key thrown away.

He thought that the Eisenhower Doctrine, as it has been applied so far, has called upon the friends of freedom in this area to stand up and show themselves in their true colors. It has had the effect of encouraging leadership to be a little more bold.

This applied to Jordan in particular but it would take more than the Doctrine to settle matters there.

It should be made quite clear that the emphasis of the Doctrine is on encouraging the people to help themselves. It implies not domination but co-operation, he observed.

Senator Humphrey thought that the courage and success with which Israel was dealing with her problems has had a good effect on other states in the area, not so much superficially as basically. It is a challenge for competition between the nations and the peoples, for the people wanted better things. The sizable accomplishment of Israel against odds reveals what can be done when there is unity between the people and their leaders.

He was pleased that American aid to Israel has been re-introduced, for it had been well-used imaginatively and efficiently. Indeed, Senator Humphrey said: "I am running over with favorable views of Israel."

This morning he spent an hour-and-a-half in conversation with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion. "I found him in wonderful spirits. He is Israel's best advocate," said the Senator. In the evening he dined with the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir.

During the day Senator Humphrey visited the U.N.T.S.O. headquarters, Hadassah institutions, the Hebrew University, Ma'ale Hamishal kibbutz and toured the environs of Jerusalem.

One of Senator Humphrey's advisers, Mr. Wainer Andreas, was injured on Tuesday on the return flight from Elat. He was taken to hospital and released after treatment.

The accident occurred when the plane struck an air pocket. Several seats in the cabin collapsed. Mr. Y. Neubert, of the U.S. Embassy political section, was also bruised and had to receive treatment, but he was back at his desk yesterday.

COTY TO ITALY

PARIS, Wednesday (Reuters). — The French President, M. Rene Coty left today for a five-day state visit to Italy. He is accompanied by the Foreign Minister, M. Christian Pineau.

Saudia Says Israel Aggressive in Gulf

UNITED NATIONS, Wednesday (UPI). — Saudi Arabia protested to the U.N. today concerning alleged aggressive activities of Israeli warships and planes in the Gulf of Akaba, and warned that she would reserve the full right to defend her vital interests and territorial integrity.

Sheikh Abdullah el Khayyal, the Saudi Arabian permanent representative, said in a memorandum addressed to the Secretary-General, that Israeli naval units and military planes had been active in the Gulf from April 30 to May 4. He asked the Secretary-General to notify the Security Council of the note and circulate it among the member states.

The note referred in particular to the passage on May 1 of an Israeli destroyer from Elat to Sharm el-Sheikh, and on to the neighborhood of Sheikh Hamid "on the east coast of the Gulf of Akaba which is Saudi Arabian territory."

It said the destroyer "proceeded nearer the coast until it was about one kilometre from the town of Dhaha, and then proceeded to about two kilometres from Madina, also on the Saudi Arabian coast, and thereafter sailed towards Elat."

The note listed other alleged intrusions and termed these acts as "a continuation of Israeli aggression which threatens the security and peace of this region."

15 Russian MIG Jets in Yemen

Fifteen MIG jet fighters have recently arrived in the Yemen as part of the flow of Russian arms to that country, the Arab News Agency reported yesterday. It said that Russia will shortly deliver to the Yemen 8,000 tons of arms and military equipment. The shipment, which went through the Suez Canal late last month, was the third to be sent to the Yemen.

4 U.S. JETS MISSING IN SAUDIA

Four U.S. jet training planes flying over Bahrain in the Persian Gulf have been reported missing and are believed to have crashed 100 kms. from the Dhabran air base in Saudi Arabia, the Arab News Agency reported yesterday.

USSR Warns Egypt of U.S. Pressure

CAIRO, Wednesday (UPI). — Russia has informed Egypt that she fears political pressure against Middle Eastern countries which have not accepted the Eisenhower Doctrine, the newspaper "Al Akhbar" reported today.

It said a Russian note had been delivered "in the past two days" warning against imperialist attempts to undermine Arab unity.

Cabinet Approves Ike Doctrine

Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Full implementation of Article I of the Armistice Agreement with Egypt, the revival of the Agreement itself, and the placing of UNEF units on the Israeli side of the border will be brought up by the U.N. Secretary-General Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, in meetings during the next 48 hours in Jerusalem with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion, Foreign Minister Meir and senior Government officials.

After hearing Mr. Hammarskjold, Mr. Ben-Gurion is most likely to centre the discussion on one broad issue: Egypt's declared state of belligerency. It is understood to be the Prime Minister's view that nine years of Egyptian belligerency is in open defiance not only of the Armistice Agreement but more important, of the U.N. Charter itself.

The discussions will cover the whole range of Israeli-Egyptian relations. As far as Israel is concerned, the most important specific item is the Suez blockade.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman said yesterday that the agenda will be fixed only after Mr. Hammarskjold's arrival, scheduled for some time after 9 o'clock this morning at Lydda Airport.

It will be suggested that the Secretary-General hold both formal and informal discussions, the latter to be restricted to Mr. Ben-Gurion and himself.

May Go to Cairo

It is possible that Mr. Hammarskjold will leave on Saturday for Cairo, but this will depend largely on the outcome of the Jerusalem talks.

Mr. Hammarskjold will be accompanied by Dr. Ralph Bunche, Under-Secretary of the U.N.; Mr. Claude de Kromm, Personal Assistant, and Mr. William Ransaul, Personal Aide. The party will reside at U.N. Truce Supervision Organization headquarters in the Jerusalem neutral zone.

Mr. Hammarskjold is coming at his own request although he had been informed that Israel would be glad to welcome him. This will be the Secretary-General's first visit here in almost a year. He has been in Cairo twice since January 1.

Apart from the purpose of having general discussions with Israeli officials, it would appear that Mr. Hammarskjold will want to grasp the opportunity to improve relations between himself and Israel which were patently strained during the past 10 months.

In this context it is impossible to ignore the fact that Israeli-American relations have improved vastly in the last few months whereas the opposite is true with regard to Egyptian-American relations. Abdul Nasser's struggle over the Eisenhower Doctrine, his role in the Jordan conflict, and his fight over the future of Suez has placed him in a less favourable position in the eyes of the West.

It is now understood that the Cabinet on Tuesday approved the proposal of American aid.

Left Opposition

Although the political committees of both Mapam and Abud Ha'avoda, which met separately in Tel Aviv yesterday, decided, in similar terms to oppose joint statement on last week's visit of Mr. James Richards, the "Doctrinaire salesman," a Government crisis is unlikely.

Both parties' statements, issued after the meetings, indicated that a joint declaration with the U.S. might be wrongly interpreted, and that unnecessary difficulties in the diplomatic field. Abud Ha'avoda also indicated that if this country openly sides with the American-led bloc, the chances of sizable immigration from the Eastern bloc countries would decrease.

The Mapai Political committee, which met on Tuesday, resolved to support a joint statement on Mr. Richards' visit because they feel the need for some expression of recognition that this country backs the same democratic ideals that are proclaimed in the Eisenhower Doctrine, even if Israel does not intend to become involved in any military arrangement connected with the Doctrine.

The Progressive Party's political committee last night ratified the support of the Government's stand on the Doctrine given by the party's representative in the Cabinet, Mr. F. Rosen.

Because of Mr. Hammarskjold's visit, the meeting of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee scheduled for today has been postponed until next week.

Richards Did Not Change Rabat Policy

RABAT, Wednesday (Reuters). — Moroccan policy remains unchanged after the visit of President Eisenhower's special envoy, Mr. James Richards, a communiqué announced last night.

Mr. Richards left for Washington last night with his eight advisers after visiting 18 Middle East and North African countries. Before leaving, he told reporters that the majority of the 18 countries had accepted the principle of the Eisenhower Doctrine, and that none of them had ruled out the proposals of American aid.

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James de Rothschild
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We mourn the death of
James de Rothschild
and extend our sympathy to the bereaved family and the Pica Company on the passing of a distinguished man, heir to the great tradition of the Nativ, the Father of the Yishuv.
The Wine Growers Cooperative Society of the Vineyards of Rishon le Zion and Zichron Yaacov

PICA
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announces with great sorrow
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James A. de Rothschild
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Today's Postbag

The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy to
cloudy. Occasional light show-
ers.

	*A	B	C	D
Jerusalem	64	—	16	16
Tel Aviv	65	18	34	34
Haifa Port	70	30	26	22
Beirut	72	18	36	36
Tel Aviv Kirya	60	18	35	34
Tel Aviv Port	73	19	34	30
Yafa Airport	64	16	35	34
Jerusalem	60	14	30	17
Beersheba	59	18	27	26
Haifa	27	22	30	20

